

A quick guide to ...

# Safety & Security in humanitarian responses



### First off, it's important to understand the difference between a few concepts

### **SAFETY:**

Freedom from risk or harm as a result of **unintentional** acts (accidents, natural phenomenon or illness)





### **SECURITY:**

Freedom from risk or harm resulting from **violence or other intentional acts** (crime, terrorism, kidnapping)

#### **THREAT:**

Any safety, security or other form of challenge to your staff, assets, organisation, reputation or programming that **exists in the context where you operate**.

#### **RISK:**

**How a threat could affect** your staff, assets, organisation, reputation or safety and security

## So, what threats can you face as a humanitarian worker?

# Physical threats:

## Crime Terrorism Kidnapping

### Organisational threats:



### **Environmental** threats:

- **Natural disasters**
- Stress
- Health/medical problems



## There are different security strategies to mitigate these:

#### **Protection:**

Reducing the risk, but not the threat by **reducing the vulnerability** of your organisation and its staff.

### Acceptation:

**Building a safe operating environment** through consent, approval and cooperation from individuals, communities and local authorities.

#### **Deterrence:**

Reducing the risk by **containing the threat with a counter threat**. In humanitarian contexts, this strategy should be implemented very carefully.







Conducting a thorough **risk assessment** and adopting **appropriate security strategies** before the start of a response ensures the safety of everyone involved.

> Security is everyone's responsibility!



Explore more safety and security tips with the Humanitarian Leadership Academy https://kayaconnect.org/